

DIGITAL DELAY DD-500

Owner's Manual

- High-precision 96 kHz 32-bit audio processing from input to output ensures high audio quality.
- Easily visible delay time indication and an independent [TAP/CTL] switch provide sophisticated functionality that's easy to use in live performance.
- A total of 12 different delay modes, including "VINTAGE DIGITAL" that models the SDE-3000 and DD-2, as well as "ANALOG" and "TAPE."
- The memory function lets you store and recall 297 different setups from internal memory. "CARRYOVER" provides seamless transition that preserves the reverberant sound when switching between patches.
- "Phrase Loop" function lets you layer new material in real time while recording and playing back. This can be used simultaneously with delay.
- By connecting the DD-500 via a USB cable or MIDI cables, you can switch sounds and control parameters in synchronization with your computer DAW or an external MIDI device.

Getting Ready	2
Installing the Batteries	2
Connecting the Equipment	2
Turning the Power On	4
Basic Operation	5
Adjusting the Delay	5
Turning Delay On/Off	6
Switching Banks/Patches	7
Using the [TAP/CTL] Switch to Control the Delay	8
Playing Phrase Loops	9
Editing a Patch	10
Saving a Patch	11
Parameter List	12
PATCH	12
CONTROL	14
ASSIGN	15
SYSTEM	17
MIDI	17
MIDI PC MAP	18
Convenient Functions	19
Specifying Whether to Carry-Over the Delay Sound	19
Assigning the Functions of the [A], [B], and [TAP/CTL] Switches	19

Synchronizing with a DAW or External MIDI Device	20
Connection Example	20
MIDI Messages That Can Be Transmitted and Received	20
MIDI Messages That Can Only Be Received	21
MIDI Routing	21
Assigning a Function to an External Pedal	22
Restoring the Factory Default Settings	24
Transmitting Data to an External MIDI Device ..	24
Troubleshooting	25
Main Specifications	25
USING THE UNIT SAFELY	26
IMPORTANT NOTES	26

Before using this unit, carefully read "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" and "IMPORTANT NOTES" (leaflet "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" and Owner's Manual (p. 26)). After reading, keep the document(s) including those sections where it will be available for immediate reference.

Getting Ready

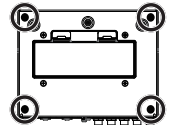
Installing the Batteries

Install four alkaline batteries (AA, LR6) in the battery compartment located on the bottom of the unit.

- * When turning the unit over, be careful so as to protect the buttons and knobs from damage. Also, handle the unit carefully; do not drop it.
- * If you handle batteries improperly, you risk explosion and fluid leakage. Make sure that you carefully observe all of the items related to batteries that are listed in "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" and "IMPORTANT NOTES" (separate sheet "USING THE UNIT SAFELY" and Owner's manual (p. 26)).
- * We recommend that you keep batteries installed in the unit even though you'll be powering it with the AC adaptor. That way, you'll be able to continue a performance even if the cord of the AC adaptor gets accidentally disconnected from the unit.
- * To prevent malfunctions or accidents, install or replace the batteries before connecting the unit to other equipment.
- * "BATTERY LOW" will appear on the display if the batteries are low. Replace them with new ones.

Attaching the Rubber Feet

You can attach the rubber feet (included) if necessary.
Attach them in the locations shown in the illustration.



Connecting the Equipment

- * To prevent malfunction and equipment failure, always turn down the volume, and turn off all the units before making any connections.
- * Be sure to minimize the volume of your amp before you connect or disconnect cables.

USB (㇏) port

Use a commercially available USB 2.0 cable to connect this port to your computer.
You can synchronize with a DAW via MIDI.



MIDI IN, OUT connectors

Connect an external MIDI device here.
You can synchronize with an external MIDI device via MIDI.



DC IN jack

Accepts connection of an AC Adaptor (PSA series; sold separately). By using an AC Adaptor, you can play without being concerned about how much battery power you have left.

- * Use only the specified AC adaptor (PSA series; sold separately), and connect it to an AC outlet of the correct voltage. Do not use any other AC adaptor, since this may cause malfunction.
- * If the AC adaptor is connected while power is on, the power supply is drawn from the AC adaptor.



INPUT A/MONO, B jacks

Connect your electric guitar, or another instrument or effect unit, to these jacks.

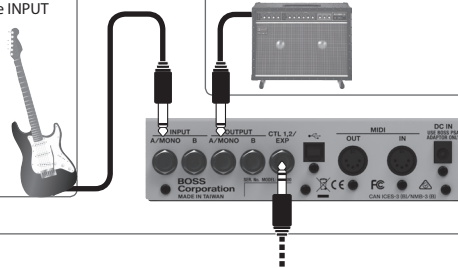
- * Use the INPUT A/MONO jack and B jack when connecting a stereo-output effects unit. Use only the INPUT A/MONO jack if you're using a mono source.
- * The INPUT A/MONO jack doubles as the power switch. Power to the unit is turned on when you plug into the INPUT A/MONO jack; the power is turned off when the cable is unplugged.

OUTPUT A/MONO, B jacks

Connect these jacks to your amp or monitor speakers.

If you're using a mono setup, use only the OUTPUT A/MONO jack.

- * Do not connect headphones to the OUTPUT A/MONO, B jacks. Doing so may damage the headphones.



CTL 1, 2/EXP jack

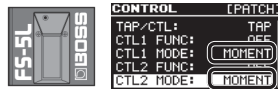
You can control various parameters by connecting a footswitch (FS-5U, FS-5L, FS-6, FS-7: sold separately) or an expression pedal (such as the Roland EV-5: sold separately) to the CTL 1, 2/EXP jack (p. 22).

When Connecting an FS-5U (or FS-5L)

1/4" phone type ↔ 1/4" phone type



CTL 1



When connecting an FS-5L, set MODE to "MOMENT" (p. 22).

POLARITY switch



When Connecting Two FS-5Us (or FS-5Ls)

Stereo 1/4" phone type ↔ 1/4" phone type x 2

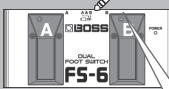


CTL 2

CTL 1

When Connecting an FS-6

Stereo 1/4" phone type ↔ Stereo 1/4" phone type

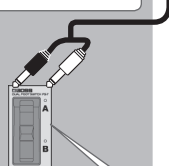


CTL 2

CTL 1

When Connecting an FS-7

Stereo 1/4" phone type ↔ 1/4" phone type x 2



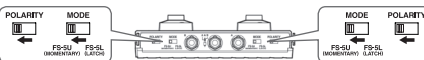
When connecting EV-5

- * Use only the specified expression pedal (EV-5; sold separately). By connecting any other expression pedals, you risk causing malfunction and/or damage to the unit.

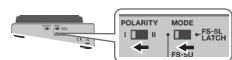


EXP

MODE/POLARITY switch



MODE/POLARITY switch



Turning the Power On

- * Once everything is properly connected (p. 2), be sure to follow the procedure below to turn on their power. If you turn on equipment in the wrong order, you risk causing malfunction or equipment failure.

1. Insert a plug into the INPUT A/MONO jack.

The DD-500 power turns on.

2. Turn on the power of your guitar amp or other equipment.

- * This unit is equipped with a protection circuit. A brief interval (a few seconds) after turning the unit on is required before it will operate normally.
- * Before turning the unit on/off, always be sure to turn the volume down. Even with the volume turned down, you might hear some sound when switching the unit on/off. However, this is normal and does not indicate a malfunction.
- * When turning the power off, do so in the reverse order.

Basic Operation

Adjusting the Delay

[MODE] knob

Selects the type of delay.

STANDARD	Clear digital delay.
TERA ECHO	Spacious echo sound with movement, neither reverb nor delay.
SLOW ATTACK	Delay with a suppressed attack as if the volume is being faded-in.
FILTER	Delay with a swept filter added.
SHIMMER	Delay with pitch-shifted sound mixed in.
SFX	Delay with a sound-effect character.
REVERSE	Produces an effect where the sound is played back in reverse.
PATTERN	Sixteen independently-settable delays.
DUAL	A delay comprising two different delays connected either in series or in parallel.
VINTAGE DIGITAL	Vintage digital delay with the warmth of an early unit.
TAPE	Provides the characteristic wavering sound of the tape echo.
ANALOG	Gives a mild analog delay sound.

[TONE] knob

Adjusts the tone of the effect's sound.

The frequency response is flat when the knob is set to the center position; turning it to the right boosts the higher frequencies, and turning it to the left cuts the higher frequencies.

[TIME/VALUE] knob

Adjusts the delay time.

To make larger changes in the value, turn the knob while pressing it.

[FEEDBACK] knob

Adjusts the feedback level (or how much the sound is repeated).

* Oscillation may occur with certain input sounds, or when the knob is set at certain positions.

[E. LEVEL] knob

Adjusts the volume of the effect sound.

[A] [B] switches

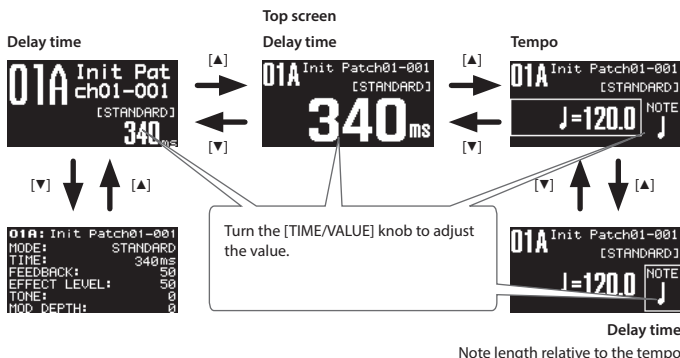
Switch banks/patches (p. 7).

[MOD DEPTH] knob

Adjusts the modulation depth of the delay sound.

[▼] [▲] buttons

Switch screens.



[TAP/CTL] switch

You can easily set the delay time to match the tempo of the song being played by pressing the pedal in time with the song's tempo (Tap Input).

If you like, you can assign this switch to a different function (p. 8).

English

日本語

Deutsch

Français

Italiano

Español

Português

Nederlands

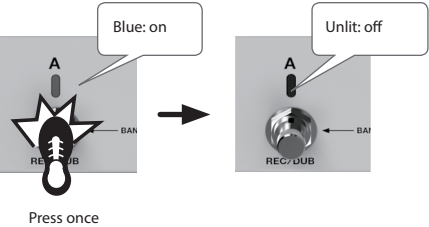
Turning Delay On/Off

Patch A delay

Each time you press the [A] switch, the delay alternately turns on (lit blue) / off (unlit).

Patch B delay

Each time you press the [B] switch, the delay alternately turns on (lit blue) / off (unlit).

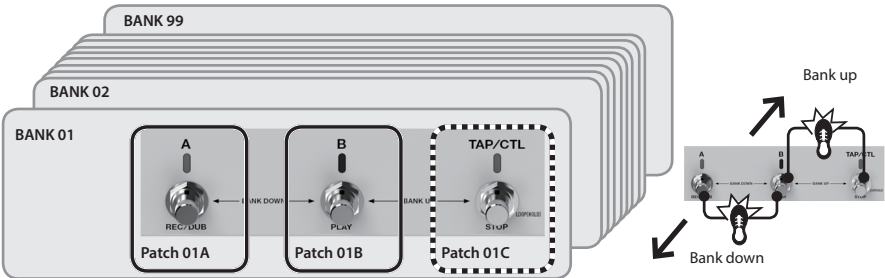


MEMO

You can also make settings so that patches A and B are used simultaneously (p. 19).

Patches and Banks

Settings for MODE, FEEDBACK, EFFECT LEVEL, TONE, MOD DEPTH, and TIME are collectively called a "patch." You can select patches using [A], [B], and [TAP/CTL] switches (p. 19). A combination of patches A, B, and C is called a "bank."

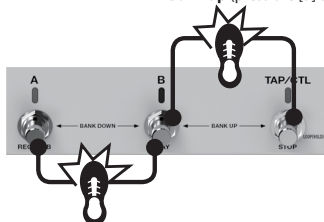


* If you want to use the [TAP/CTL] switch to select patch C, refer to "Assigning the Functions of the [A], [B], and [TAP/CTL] Switches" (p. 19).

Switching Banks/Patches

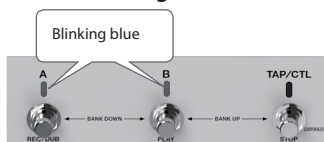
1. Switch banks (01–99).

Bank up (press the [B] and [TAP/CTL] switches simultaneously)



Bank down (press the [A] and [B] switches simultaneously)

2. Press a blinking switch ([A] or [B]) to switch patches.



MEMO

You can recall a different patch by turning the [TIME/VALUE] knob while you hold down the [EXIT] button.



MEMO

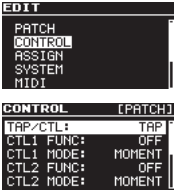
You can use the following functions to switch patches/banks.

- “Assigning the Functions of the [A], [B], and [TAP/CTL] Switches” (p. 19)
- “Specifying Whether to Carry-Over the Delay Sound” (p. 19)

Using the [TAP/CTL] Switch to Control the Delay

With the default settings, the [TAP/CTL] switch is used for tap input, but you can change this setting to make the switch affect the delay in various ways.

- 1. Press the [EDIT] button.
- 2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select “CONTROL” and then press the [EDIT] button.
- 3. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select “TAP/CTL,” and use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to assign a function.



Value		Explanation
TAP		Use the switch for tap input.
CTL	HOLD	Repeats the delay sound while you hold down the switch.
	WARP	Simultaneously controls the delay sound's feedback level and volume to produce a totally unreal delay.
	TWIST	A new type of delay that produces an aggressive, spinning sensation.
	MOMENT	Outputs the delay sound only while you hold down the switch.
	ROLL 1/2	Only while you hold down the switch, the delay time setting changes to 1/2 of the specified value, and the sound continues.
	ROLL 1/4	Only while you hold down the switch, the delay time setting changes to 1/4 of the specified value, and the sound continues.
	ROLL 1/8	Only while you hold down the switch, the delay time setting changes to 1/8 of the specified value, and the sound continues.
	FADE IN	Fades-in/-out the delay sound.
	FADE OUT	
ASSIGN		Select this if you're using the ASSIGN 1–8 setting (p. 15).

- 4. Press the [EXIT] button to return to the top screen.

Playing Phrase Loops

By operating the switches, you can carry out recording and playback in real time to create layered performances. You can apply the delay while creating layered performances.

Enter Phrase Loop mode

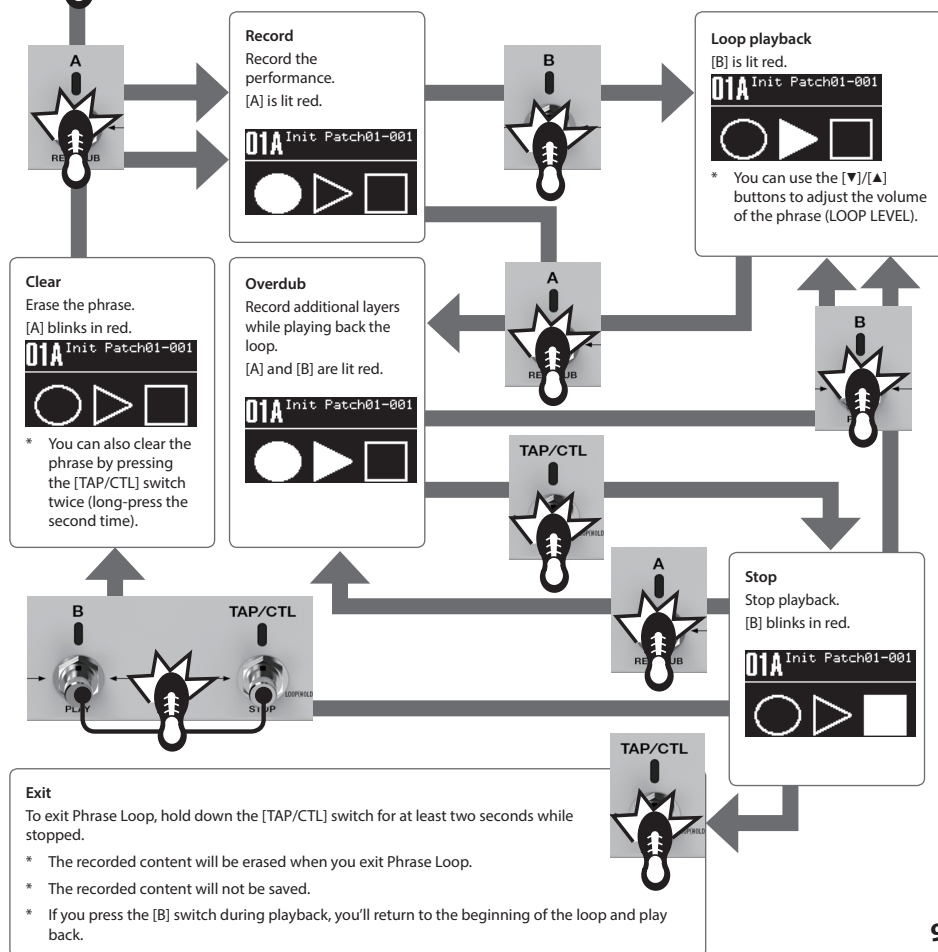
If you hold down the [A], [B], or [C] switch (when FSW MODE (p. 19) is set to "A/B/C") for two seconds or longer, the phrase loop enters a standby state, and [A] blinks red.



Recording time (seconds)

Frequency	48 kHz	96 kHz
Mono	120	60
Stereo	60	

* The sampling function and mono/stereo setting are specified in SYSTEM: LOOP MODE (p. 17).



English

日本語

Deutsch

Français

Italiano

Español

Português

Nederlands

Editing a Patch

You can edit a variety of patch-related parameters.

1. Press the [EDIT] button.
2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "PATCH," and then press the [EDIT] button.
3. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select a parameter, and use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to edit the value.
4. Press the [EXIT] button to return to the top screen.

EDIT	
PATCH	
CONTROL	
ASSIGN	
SYSTEM	
MIDI	

PATCH	[STANDARD]
MODE:	STANDARD
TIME:	340ms
BPM:	♩=120.0
NOTE:	
FEEDBACK:	50

* Save the edited patch as described in the procedure on "Saving a Patch" (p. 11).

Basic [EDIT] operations

01A Init Patch01-001
[STANDARD]
340ms

[EXIT] button

[EDIT] button

EDIT
PATCH
CONTROL
ASSIGN
SYSTEM
MIDI

[EDIT] button

Use the [▲][▼] buttons to move the cursor

Use the [▲][▼] buttons to move the cursor
Use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to edit the value

PATCH [STANDARD]
MODE: STANDARD
TIME: 340ms
BPM: ♩=120.0
NOTE: ♩
FEEDBACK: 50

ASSIGN
ASSN1 SW: OFF
ASSN2 SW: OFF
ASSN3 SW: OFF
ASSN4 SW: OFF
ASSN5 SW: OFF

CONTROL [PATCH]
TAP/CTL: TAP
CTL1 FUNC: OFF
CTL1 MODE: MOMENT
CTL2 FUNC: OFF
CTL2 MODE: MOMENT

SYSTEM
CONTRAST: 9
OUTPUT: STEREO
BANK MODE: WAIT
BANK EXTENT MIN: 01
BANK EXTENT MAX: 99

MIDI
Rx CHANNEL: Ch. 1
Tx CHANNEL: Rx
PC IN: ON
PC OUT: ON
BANK SEL OUT: MSB

MIDI PC MAP
BANK-PC# PATCH#
1:001 01A
1:002 01B
1:003 01C
1:004 02A

Saving a Patch

Here's how to save a patch that you've edited.

1. Press the [EXIT] button and [EDIT] button simultaneously.
2. Use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to select the save-destination number.

Bank	[A] switch	[B] switch	[TAP/CTL] switch
Bank 01	01A	01B	01C
Bank 02	02A	02B	02C
:	:	:	:
Bank 99	99A	99B	99C

* Patch C can be selected only if FSW MODE (p. 19) is set to "A/B/C."

3. Press the [▲] button to select the patch name.
4. Edit the patch name.

[▲] [▼] buttons	Move the cursor
[TIME/VALUE] knob	Edit the character

5. Press the [EDIT] button to save the patch.

If you decide to cancel, press the [EXIT] button.

```
WRITE
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
NAME:
Init Patch01-001
WRITE TO
01A:Init Patch01-001
```

```
WRITE
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
NAME:
Init Patch01-001
WRITE TO
01A:Init Patch01-001
```

By moving the cursor to "WRITE TO" and turning the [TIME/VALUE] knob, you can initialize a patch (INIT) or exchange patches (EXCHANGE).

```
INITIALIZE
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
INIT
01A:Init Patch01-001
```

```
EXCHANGE
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
01A:Init Patch01-001
EXCHANGE
01A:Init Patch01-001
```

Parameter List

PATCH

Parameter	Explanation
MODE	Selects the type of delay (p. 5). The same function as the [MODE] knob.
TIME	Specifies the delay time. The same function as the [TIME/VALUE] knob.
BPM	Specifies the tempo.
NOTE	Specifies the delay time with the note length relative to BPM.
FEEDBACK	Adjusts the feedback level (or how much the sound is repeated). Higher settings will result in more delay repeats. The same function as the [FEEDBACK] knob.
TONE	Adjusts the tone of the delay sound. The same function as the [TONE] knob.
EFFECT LEVEL	Adjusts the volume of the delay sound. The same function as the [E. LEVEL] knob.
MOD DEPTH	Adjusts the modulation depth of the delay sound. The same function as the [MOD DEPTH] knob.
MOD RATE	Adjusts the modulation rate of the delay sound.
CARRYOVER	You can specify whether the effect sound is carried-over when you switch patches or turn the delay off.
DIRECT LEVEL	Adjusts the volume of the direct sound when the effect is on.
EQ SW	Turns the EQ on/off.
EQ LO.CUT	Sets the frequency at which the low cut filter begins to take effect. When "FLAT" is selected, the low cut filter will have no effect.
EQ LO.GAIN	Adjusts the low frequency range tone.
EQ LM.GAIN	Adjusts the low-middle frequency range tone.
EQ LM.FREQ	Specifies the center of the frequency range that will be adjusted by the LM.GAIN.
EQ LM.Q	Adjusts the width of the area affected by the EQ centered at the LM.FREQ. Higher values will narrow the area.
EQ HM.GAIN	Adjusts the high-middle frequency range tone.
EQ HM.FREQ	Specifies the center of the frequency range that will be adjusted by the HM.GAIN.
EQ HM.Q	Adjusts the width of the area affected by the EQ centered at the HM.FREQ. Higher values will narrow the area.
EQ HI.GAIN	Adjusts the high frequency range tone.
EQ HI.CUT	Sets the frequency at which the high cut filter begins to take effect. When "FLAT" is selected, the high cut filter will have no effect.
EQ LEVEL	Adjusts the overall volume level of the equalizer.
LO DAMP	Adjusts the amount by which the low frequency range is reduced each time the effect sound is repeated.
LO DAMP F	Specifies the frequency of the low range that is reduced by LO DAMP.
HI DAMP	Adjusts the amount by which the high frequency range is reduced each time the effect sound is repeated.
HI DAMP F	Specifies the frequency of the high range that is reduced by HI DAMP.
DUCK SENS	Adjusts the sensitivity at which the volume is automatically adjusted according to the input. Higher values allow the adjustment to occur in response to lower volumes.
DUCK PRE DEPTH	The volume being "input" to the delay is automatically reduced when the input sound is loud. The amount of reduction increases as this setting approaches 100.
DUCK POST DEPTH	The volume being "output" to the delay is automatically reduced when the input sound is loud. The amount of reduction increases as this setting approaches 100.
EFFECT PAN	Adjusts the stereo position of the effect sound.
DIRECT PAN	Adjusts the stereo position of the direct sound.

MODE: TERA ECHO

Parameter	Explanation
RESONANCE	This adjusts the amount of resonance (and the tone coloration) of the effect sound.

MODE: SLOW ATTACK

Parameter	Explanation
SENS	Adjusts the sensitivity of the slow gear. When it is set to a lower value, the effect of the slow gear can be obtained only with a stronger picking, while no effect is obtained with a weaker picking. When the value is set higher, the effect is obtained even with a weak picking.
RISE TIME	Adjusts the time needed for the volume to reach its maximum from the moment you begin picking.

MODE: FILTER

Parameter	Explanation
LFO TYPE	Selects the curve at which the filter is moved.
LFO RATE	Adjusts the rate at which the filter is moved.
LFO DEPTH	Adjusts the range over which the filter is moved.
TYPE	Selects the type of filter (LPF/BPF/HPF).
CUTOFF	Adjusts the frequency at which the filter operates. Higher values raise the frequency.
RESONANCE	Adjusts the operation of the filter. Higher values produce a stronger tonal character.
FILTER POS	Specifies whether the filter is placed before or after the delay.

MODE: SHIMMER

Parameter	Explanation
PITCH SHIFT	Specifies the amount of pitch shift in semitone units.
PITCH FINE	Specifies a fine adjustment to the amount of pitch shift. A change of 100 in the Fine setting corresponds to a change of 1 in the Pitch Shift setting.
PITCH BAL	Adjusts the balance between the pitch-shifted sound that is input to the delay and the direct sound.
DIRECT FB	Adjusts the amount of feedback for the delay that is applied to the direct sound. This is specified as a proportion (%) relative to the feedback specified by the [FEEDBACK] knob.

MODE: SFX

Parameter	Explanation
BIT DEPTH	Specifies the bit depth.
SAMPLE RATE	Specifies the sampling rate.
LoFi BAL	Adjusts the volume balance between the direct sound and the effect sound.
TR WAVE	Adjusts changes in volume level. A higher value will steepen wave's shape.
TR RATE	Adjusts the frequency (speed) of the change.
TR DEPTH	Adjusts the depth of the effect.

MODE: PATTERN

Parameter	Explanation
PATTERN	Selects the delay pattern. You can choose from preset patterns PAT1–PAT10 and the USER pattern which you are free to set.
DELAY 1–16 TIME	Adjusts the proportion relative to the Delay 1–16 delay time when PATTERN is set to “USER.”
DELAY 1–16 LEVEL	Adjusts the Delay 1–16 volume when PATTERN is set to “USER.”
DELAY 1–16 PAN	Adjusts the Delay 1–16 stereo position when PATTERN is set to “USER.”

Parameter List

MODE: DUAL

Parameter	Explanation
DUAL MODE	Specifies whether the two delays are connected in series or in parallel.
DUAL TYPE	Selects the type of delay.
DUAL LINK	Link the delay time and feedback of the second delay to the settings of the first delay.
D2 TIME	Specifies the delay time of the second delay. This is the same as the [TIME/VALUE] knob.
D2 FEEDBACK	Adjusts the amount of feedback (repetition) for the second delay. Higher values produce a larger number of delay repeats. This is the same as the [FEEDBACK] knob.
D2 E. LEVEL	Adjusts the volume of the second delay sound. This is the same as the [E. LEVEL] knob.

MODE: VINTAGE DIGITAL

Parameter	Explanation
TYPE	Selects the type of unit that is being modeled.
FILTER	Turns the high-cut filter on/off when TYPE is set to "SDE-3000."
TIMEx2	Specifies whether the sampling frequency is halved and the delay time doubled when TYPE is set to "SDE-2000" or "SDE-3000."
DELAY PHASE	Specifies the phase of the delay sound when TYPE is set to "SDE-2000" or "SDE-3000." Selecting INV inverts the phase.
FEEDBACK PHASE	Specifies the phase of the delay sound feedback when TYPE is set to "SDE-2000" or "SDE-3000." Selecting INV inverts the phase.

MODE: TAPE

Parameter	Explanation
TYPE	Selects the type of unit that is being modeled.
TAPE HEAD	Selects the playback head(s) to use when TYPE is set to "RE-201." Playback heads 2/3 provide delay times that are two times or three times as long as playback head 1.

MODE: ANALOG

Parameter	Explanation
STAGE	Specifies the number of BBD stages. The delay time lengthens in proportion to the number of stages.

CONTROL

Parameter	Explanation
TAP/CTL	Specifies whether the [TAP/CTL] switch is used as TAP or as CTL.
CTL FUNC	Specifies how the [TAP/CTL] switch operates when pressed if it is being used as CTL.
CTL 1/2 PREF	Specifies whether the CTL 1/2 switch has a different setting for each patch or the same setting shared by all patches.
CTL 1/2 FUNC	Specifies the operation that occurs when the CTL 1/2 switch is pressed.
CTL 1/2 MODE	Specifies whether the setting is on only while the CTL 1/2 switch is held down or whether the setting alternates on/off each time the switch is pressed.
EXP PREF	Specifies whether the EXP pedal has a different setting for each patch or the same setting shared by all patches.
EXP FUNC	Specifies the operation that occurs when the EXP pedal is pressed.

ASSIGN

ASSIGN INPUT SENS

Explanation

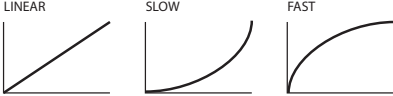
Adjusts the input sensitivity when INPUT is selected for SOURCE.

ASSIGN 1–8

Parameter	Value	Explanation
SW	OFF, ON	Turns the ASSIGN 1–8 on/off.
SOURCE	Specifies the controller (source).	
	TAP/CTL	[TAP/CTL] switch.
	EXP PDL (EXP PEDAL)	External footswitch (EV-5 etc.; available separately) connected to the CTL 1,2/ EXP jack.
	CTL1, 2 PDL	External footswitch connected to the CTL 1,2/EXP jack.
	INT PDL	Internal pedal The virtual expression pedal will begin operating when started by the specified trigger (TRIGGER), modifying the parameter specified by "TARGET". For details on the parameters that can be assigned to the internal pedal, refer to "TIME" and "CURVE" (p. 16)
	WAVE PDL	Wave pedal The virtual expression pedal will cyclically modify the parameter specified by "TARGET" in a fixed wave form.
	INPUT (INPUT LEVEL)	The assigned target parameter will change according to the input level. * If you want to adjust the input sensitivity, set the SENS (INPUT SENS).
MODE (SOURCE MODE)	CC#1–31, CC#64–95	Controller number from an external MIDI device
	Specifies the operation of the controller.	
	MOMENT	The value will normally be OFF (minimum value), and will be ON (maximum value) only while the control is being operated. * If you want to use the internal pedal or wave pedal, set to "MOMENT."
	TOGGLE	The value will toggle between OFF (minimum) and ON (maximum) each time the control is operated.
TRG	This selects the parameter to be changed.	
MIN (TARGET MIN) MAX (TARGET MAX)	Specifies the range of change for the parameter. The values will depend on the parameter that's assigned by "TARGET."	
ACT.LO (ACT RANGE LO)	Within the operating range of the source, this specifies the range that will control the target parameter.	
ACT.HI (ACT RANGE HI)	The target parameter will be controlled within the range specified. Normally, you should leave ACT.LO at "0" and ACT.HI at "127."	
WAV.RT (WAVE RATE)	0–100, BPM 	Specifies the time for one cycle of the wave pedal.
*1	* If, due to the tempo, the time is longer than the range of allowable settings, it is then synchronized to a period either 1/2 or 1/4 of that time.	



Parameter List

Parameter	Value	Explanation
WAV.FM (WAVE FORM) *1	SAW, TRI, SIN	Select one of the following to specify the change produced by the wave pedal. 
TRIGGER (INT PEDAL TRIGGER) *2	Specifies how the motion of the internal pedal will be triggered.	
	PAT CNG (PATCH CHANGE)	This is activated when a patch is selected.
	EXP LO	This is activated when an external expression pedal connected to the CTL 1,2/ EXP jack is set to the minimum position.
	EXP MID	This is activated when the external expression pedal connected to the CTL 1,2/ EXP jack is moved through the middle position.
	EXP HI	This is activated when the external expression pedal connected to the CTL 1,2/ EXP jack is set to the maximum position.
	CTL1, 2 PDL	This is activated when an external footswitch connected to the CTL 1,2/EXP jack is operated.
TIME (INT PEDAL TIME) *2	CC#1-#31 CC#64-#95	This is activated when a control change is received.
	This specifies the time over which the internal pedal will move from the toe-raised position to the toe-down position.	
CURVE (INT PEDAL CURVE) *2	LINEAR, SLOW (SLOW RISE), FAST (FAST RISE)	Select one of the following curves to specify the change produced by the internal pedal. 

*1 SOURCE=WAVE PDL only

*2 SOURCE=INT PDL only

* If FSW MODE (p. 19) is set to "A/B SIMUL," only the ASSIGN of the patch shown in the display is valid.

SYSTEM

Parameter	Explanation
CONTRAST	Adjusting the contrast of the display
OUTPUT	Selects how output occurs.
BANK MODE	Specifies the timing at which the patch is changed when you change banks.
BANK EXTENT MIN	Sets the lower limit for the banks.
BANK EXTENT MAX	Sets the upper limit for the banks.
KNOB LOCK	Specifies whether knob operations will be disabled.
KNOB MODE	Specifies how knob operations occur.
BYPASS	Specifies how the bypass sound is output.
PEDAL ACT	Specifies whether the operation occurs when you press the [A], [B], or [TAP/CTL] switch or when you release the switch.
FSW HOLD TIME	Specifies the number of seconds of holding down the [A], [B], or [TAP/CTL] switch that is interpreted as a long-press.
FSW MODE	Specifies how the footswitch is used (p. 19).
TEMPO HOLD	Specifies whether the tempo (BPM) changes or is preserved when you switch patches. By preserving the tempo, you can also preserve the delay time. However, if the patch to which you switch has a different NOTE setting (such as ♭ or ♮), the delay time will also change.
USB MODE	Specifies the USB operating mode (p. 21).
LOOP MODE	Specifies the sampling frequency.
LOOP LEVEL	Specifies the volume of the recorded phrase.

MIDI

Parameter	Explanation
Rx CHANNEL	Specifies the receive channel.
Tx CHANNEL	Specifies the transmit channel.
PC IN	Specifies whether program changes are received.
PC OUT	Specifies whether program changes are transmitted.
BANK SEL OUT	Specifies the bank select message that is transmitted simultaneously with the program change. If you select MSB, only MSB (CC#0) is transmitted. If you select M+L, both MSB and LSB (CC#32) are transmitted.
CC IN	Specifies whether control changes are received.
CC OUT	Specifies whether control changes are transmitted.
TIME CONTROL	Specifies whether operations of the [TIME/VALUE] knob are transmitted and received.
A SW CC	[A] switch
B SW CC	[B] switch
TAP/CTL SW CC	[TAP/CTL] switch
FEEDBACK CC	[FEEDBACK] knob
E. LEVEL CC	[E. LEVEL] knob
TONE CC	[TONE] knob
MOD DEPTH CC	[MOD DEPTH] knob
CTL1 CC	External CTL1 switch
CTL2 CC	External CTL2 switch
EXP CC	External EXP pedal
EFFECT ON/OFF	Specifies the controller number that switches between delay-on and bypass.
LOOP ON/OFF	Specifies the controller number that switches the phrase loop function on/off.
LOOP REC/DUB	Specifies the controller number that executes recording or overdubbing when using the phrase loop function.
LOOP PLAY	Specifies the controller number that executes loop playback when using the phrase loop function.
LOOP STOP	Specifies the controller number that stops playback when using the phrase loop function.
LOOP CLEAR	Specifies the controller number that clears the phrase when using the phrase loop function.
SYNC	Selects the tempo clock input that is used for synchronization.
REALTIME SRC	Selects the source of the realtime messages that are transmitted from the MIDI OUT connector or the USB port.
MIDI IN->OUT	Specifies the connector to which MIDI messages received from the MIDI IN connector are output.

English

日本語

Deutsch

Français

Italiano

Español

Português

Nederlands

Parameter List

Parameter	Explanation
USB IN->OUT	Specifies the connector to which MIDI messages received from the USB port are output.
DEVICE ID	Sets the MIDI Device ID used for transmitting and receiving System Exclusive messages.

MIDI PC MAP

Parameter	Explanation
BNK-PC#	Specifies the program number that corresponds to each patch number.

Convenient Functions

Specifying Whether to Carry-Over the Delay Sound

You can specify whether the effect sound is carried-over (ON/OFF) when you switch patches or turn the delay off.

1. Press the [EDIT] button.
2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "PATCH," and then press the [EDIT] button.
3. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "CARRYOVER," and use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to select ON / OFF.
4. Press the [EXIT] button to return to the top screen.

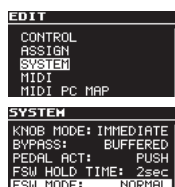
* If FSW MODE (p. 19) is set to "A/B SIMUL," the effect sound is not carried-over even if CARRYOVER is ON.



Assigning the Functions of the [A], [B], and [TAP/CTL] Switches

1. Press the [EDIT] button.
2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "SYSTEM" and then press the [EDIT] button.
3. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "FSW MODE," and use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to select the mode.

Mode	Explanation
NORMAL	Use the [A] and [B] switches to select patch A or patch B, and use the [TAP/CTL] switch for tap input. * If you want to use the [TAP/CTL] switch as the CTL, set the "TAP/CTL FUNC" to "CTL" (p. 8).
A/B/C	Use the [TAP/CTL] switch to select patch C. * In this case, you can't use the [TAP/CTL] switch for the TAP or CTL functions.
A/B SIMUL	Patches A and B can be used simultaneously. Press the unlit [A] or [B] switch to make both light.
SW DN/UP	Use the [A] switch to turn delay on/off, and use the [B] switch and [TAP/CTL] switch to change patches.



4. Press the [EXIT] button to return to the top screen.

English

日本語

Deutsch

Français

Italiano

Español

Português

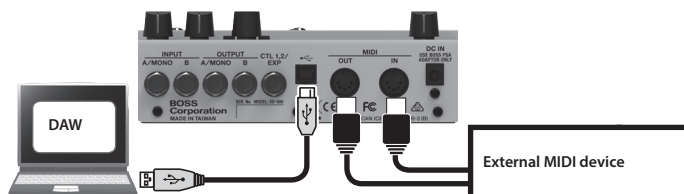
Nederlands

Synchronizing with a DAW or External MIDI Device

You can synchronize your DD-500 performance with a computer or an external MIDI device by sending and receiving MIDI messages.

For example, an external MIDI device or DAW could switch patches on the DD-500 or control its tempo.

Connection Example



MIDI Messages That Can Be Transmitted and Received

Patch changes

Bank select (CC#0, #32) and program change

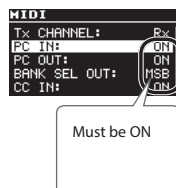
Synchronization

Tempo clock (F8)

Patch data

System exclusive messages

Other messages



Switch, knob	MIDI message	Value	Remarks
[A] switch	Controller Number 82	0, 127	- Transmits "127" when pressed, "0" when released - Transmits program change when the patch is changed
[B] switch	Controller Number 83		
[TAP/CTL] switch	Controller Number 84		
EXP pedal	Controller Number 16	0–127	
CTL 1 switch	Controller Number 80	0, 127	Transmits "127" when pressed, "0" when released
CTL 2 Switch	Controller Number 81		
[FEEDBACK] knob	Controller Number 17		
[TONE] knob	Controller Number 19	0–127	
[E. LEVEL] knob	Controller Number 18		
[MOD DEPTH] knob	Controller Number 20		
[TIME/VALUE] knob	Pitch Bend	-8192–+8191	- Relative setting from the setting's current value - When MIDI TIME Control is on: transmitted and received

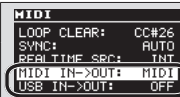
MIDI Messages That Can Only Be Received

Status	MIDI message	Value	Remarks
Delay on, Bypass	Controller Number 21	ON, OFF	ON = Delay on, OFF = Bypass
Phrase loop	Controller Number 22		Phrase Loop function
Record, Overdub	Controller Number 23		
Loop playback	Controller Number 24		
Stop	Controller Number 25		
Clear	Controller Number 26		

MIDI Routing

For details on how to set the MIDI parameters, refer to “Basic [EDIT] operations” (p. 10).

Main Setting Items

Item	Parameter	Explanation	
Synchronization source	SYNC	Specifies whether the synchronization source is the DD-500 (INTERNAL), USB, or an external device connected via MIDI.	
Realtime messages	REALTIME SRC	Specifies whether realtime messages generated by the DD-500 are transmitted, and whether realtime messages received via the MIDI IN connector or the USB port are transmitted.	
MIDI message output destination	MIDI IN->OUT	Specifies the MIDI messages that are transmitted from the MIDI OUT connector.	
	USB IN->OUT	Specifies the MIDI messages that are transmitted from the USB port.	

If you experience problems connecting with your DAW

Normally, you don't need to install a driver in order to connect the DD-500 to your computer. However, if some problem occurs, or if the performance is poor, using the BOSS original driver may solve the problem.

In this case, setting “USB MODE” to “VENDOR” on the DD-500, install the driver on your personal computer.

For details on downloading and installing the BOSS original driver, refer to the BOSS website. For further details, refer to the Readme.htm file that comes with the download.

➔ <http://www.boss.info/support/>

The program you need to use, and the steps you need to take to install the USB driver will differ depending on your computer setup, so please carefully read and refer to the Readme.htm file that comes with the download.



Assigning a Function to an External Pedal

You can assign a function to a footswitch (sold separately: FS-5U, FS-5L, FS-6, FS-7) or expression pedal (sold separately: Roland EV-5 etc.) connected to the CTL 1,2/EXP jack.

1. Press the [EDIT] button.
2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select “CONTROL,” and then press the [EDIT] button.
3. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select a parameter, and use the [TIME/VALUE] knob to edit the value.

EDIT	
PATCH	
CONTROL	
ASSIGN	
SYSTEM	
MIDI	

CONTROL [PATCH]	
TAP/CTL:	TAP
CTL1 FUNC:	OFF
CTL1 MODE:	MOMENT
CTL2 FUNC:	OFF
CTL2 MODE:	MOMENT

Parameter	Value	Explanation
PREF	PATCH	Different settings can be made for each patch.
	SYSTEM	The same settings are shared by all patches.
FUNC	Specify the function of the footswitches connected to the CTL 1,2/EXP jack.	
MODE	MOMENT	The switch is normally off (minimum value), and turns on (maximum value) only while you hold it down.
	TOGGLE	The switch alternately switches off (minimum value) and on (maximum value) each time you press it.

CTL1 FUNC and CTL2 FUNC Settings

Value	Explanation
OFF	No function is assigned. Select this if you're using the ASSIGN 1–8 setting (p. 15).
TAP	Use the switch for tap input.
HOLD	Repeats the delay sound while you hold down the switch.
WARP	Simultaneously controls the delay sound's feedback level and volume to produce a totally unreal delay.
TWIST	A new type of delay that produces an aggressive, spinning sensation.
MOMENTARY	Outputs the delay sound only while you hold down the switch.
ROLL 1/2	Only while you hold down the switch, the delay time setting changes to 1/2 of the specified value, and the sound continues.
ROLL 1/4	Only while you hold down the switch, the delay time setting changes to 1/4 of the specified value, and the sound continues.
ROLL 1/8	Only while you hold down the switch, the delay time setting changes to 1/8 of the specified value, and the sound continues.
FADE IN	Fades-in/-out the delay sound.
FADE OUT	
EFFECT SW	Turns the effect on/off.
BANK UP	Change banks.
BANK DOWN	
LOOP On/Off	Enter/Exit the Phrase Loop Mode.
LOOP CLR	Erase the phrase.

EXP FUNC Settings

Value	Explanation
OFF	No function is assigned. Select this if you're using the ASGN1-8 setting (p. 15).
TIME	Controls the DELAY TIME.
FEEDBACK	Controls the FEEDBACK.
TONE	Controls the TONE.
E. LEVEL	Controls the E. LEVEL.
MOD DEPTH	Controls the MOD DEPTH.
MOD RATE	Controls the MOD RATE.

- 4.** Press the [EXIT] button to return to the top screen.

Restoring the Factory Default Settings

Here's how to reset the settings to their factory state. If you like, you can also reset just the system settings or just a specific range of patches.

1. Press the [EDIT] button.
2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "FACTORY RESET," and then press the [EDIT] button.
3. Use "FROM" and "TO" to specify the range that you want to reset.

Parameter	Value	Explanation
FROM	SYSTEM	System parameter settings.
TO	01A-99C	Settings for Patches.

```
EDIT
SYSTEM
MIDI
MIDI PC MAP
MIDI BULK DUMP
FACTORY RESET
```



```
FACTORY RESET
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
FROM:
SYSTEM
TO:
99C:Init Patch01-297
```

4. Press the [EDIT] button.
A confirmation message appears.
5. Press the [EDIT] button to reset the settings.

If you decide to cancel without resetting, press the [EXIT] button.

```
FACTORY RESET
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
SYSTEM
99C:Init Patch01-297
Are you sure?
```

Transmitting Data to an External MIDI Device

You can use Exclusive messages to set another DD-500 to the same settings or to save effect sound settings to MIDI sequencers and other such devices. This transmission of data is referred to as bulk dump.

1. Press the [EDIT] button.
2. Use the [▲] [▼] buttons to select "MIDI BULK DUMP," and then press the [EDIT] button.
3. Use "FROM" and "TO" to specify the range that you want to reset.

Parameter	Value	Explanation
FROM	SYSTEM	System parameter settings.
TO	01A-99C	Settings for Patches.
	TEMP	Current settings in the panel display.

```
EDIT
SYSTEM
MIDI
MIDI PC MAP
MIDI BULK DUMP
FACTORY RESET
```



```
MIDI BULK DUMP
[EDIT]:EXECUTE
FROM:
SYSTEM
TO:
TEMP
```

4. Press the [EDIT] button.

The bulk dump is executed.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Items to check	Action
Power does not turn on	Is your guitar correctly connected to the INPUT A/MONO jack?	Check the connection once again.
	Could the batteries be low?	Install fresh batteries.
	Is the specified PSA series AC adaptor connected correctly?	Check the connection once again.
No sound is output / No delay sound is output / No direct sound is output	Is the SYSTEM: OUTPUT (p. 17) setting correct?	Check the SYSTEM: OUTPUT (p. 17) setting and the OUTPUT jacks connection.
	Is your output device correctly connected to the OUTPUT jacks?	
Footswitch does not change sounds as you expect	Is the SYSTEM: FSW MODE (p. 19) setting correct?	The FSW MODE (p. 19) setting determines what happens when you press the [A], [B], and [TAP/CTL] switches. Check the setting.
Delay sound does not remain when you switch patches or turn off the delay	Is the PATCH: CARRYOVER (p. 19) setting "ON"?	If CARRYOVER (p. 19) is set to "OFF" the delay sound does not remain.
	Could the SYSTEM: BYPASS (p. 17) setting be "TRUE"?	If this is set to "TRUE" (True bypass), the delay sound cannot be carried-over when the effect is turned off even if CARRYOVER is turned "ON." Set SYSTEM: BYPASS to "BUFFERED."

Main Specifications

BOSS DD-500: DIGITAL DELAY

Power Supply	Alkaline battery (AA, LR6) x 4 AC adaptor
Current Draw	200 mA
Dimensions	170 (W) x 138 (D) x 62 (H) mm 6-3/4 (W) x 5-7/16 (D) x 2-1/2 (H) inches
Weight (including batteries)	1.0 kg 2 lbs 4 oz
Accessories	Owner's manual, Leaflet "USING THE UNIT SAFELY", Alkaline Batteries (AA LR6) x 4
Options (sold separately)	AC adaptor: PSA series Footswitch: BOSS FS-5U, FS-5L Dual Footswitch: BOSS FS-6, FS-7 Expression pedal: BOSS FV-500H, FV-500L, Roland EV-5

* 0 dBu = 0.775 Vrms

* In the interest of product improvement, the specifications and/or appearance of this unit are subject to change without prior notice.

English

日本語

Deutsch

Français

Italiano

Español

Português

Nederlands

USING THE UNIT SAFELY

To completely turn off power to the unit, pull out the plug from the outlet

Even with the power switch turned off, this unit is not completely separated from its main source of power. When the power needs to be completely turned off, turn off the power switch on the unit, then pull out the plug from the outlet. For this reason, the outlet into which you choose to connect the power cord's plug should be one that is within easy reach and readily accessible.



Keep small items out of the reach of children

To prevent accidental ingestion of the parts listed below, always keep them out of the reach of small children.

- Included Parts

Rubber feet (p. 2)



IMPORTANT NOTES

Power Supply: Use of Batteries

- If operating this unit on batteries, please use alkaline batteries.

Repairs and Data

- Before sending the unit away for repairs, be sure to make a backup of the data stored within it; or you may prefer to write down the needed information. Although we will do our utmost to preserve the data stored in your unit when we carry out repairs, in some cases, such as when the memory section is physically damaged, restoration of the stored content may be impossible. Roland assumes no liability concerning the restoration of any stored content that has been lost.

Additional Precautions

- Any data stored within the unit can be lost as the result of equipment failure, incorrect operation, etc. To protect yourself against the irrevocable loss of data, try to make a habit of creating regular backups of the data you've stored in the unit.
- Roland assumes no liability concerning the restoration of any stored content that has been lost.
- The explanations in this manual include illustrations that depict what should typically be shown by the display. Note, however, that your unit may incorporate a newer, enhanced version of the system (e.g., includes newer sounds), so what you actually see in the display may not always match what appears in the manual.
- Never strike or apply strong pressure to the display.

- Use only the specified expression pedal (Roland EV-5, BOSS FV-500L, BOSS FV-500H; sold separately). By connecting any other expression pedals, you risk causing malfunction and/or damage to the unit.

- Do not use connection cables that contain a built-in resistor.

Intellectual Property Right

- It is forbidden by law to make an audio recording, video recording, copy or revision of a third party's copyrighted work (musical work, video work, broadcast, live performance, or other work), whether in whole or in part, and distribute, sell, lease, perform, or broadcast it without the permission of the copyright owner.
- Do not use this product for purposes that could infringe on a copyright held by a third party. We assume no responsibility whatsoever with regard to any infringements of third-party copyrights arising through your use of this product.
- MMP (Moore Microprocessor Portfolio) refers to a patent portfolio concerned with microprocessor architecture, which was developed by Technology Properties Limited (TPL). Roland has licensed this technology from the TPL Group.
- This product contains eParts integrated software platform of eSOL Co., Ltd. eParts is a trademark of eSOL Co., Ltd. in Japan.
- Roland and BOSS are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Roland Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.
- Company names and product names appearing in this document are registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective owners.